Pinus palustris



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Longleaf Pine

PinaceaePlant Specifics

Size: To 120 ft tall by 30-50 ft wide

Life Span: Long-lived perennial

Fruit Color: Brown

Phenology: Evergreen. Young pines have an extended gras

stage and then shoot up rapidly. Cones produce in spring, wind pollinated, and mature into fall.

Long-lived: 200+ years.

Habitats: Sandhill, mesic to dry flatwoods.

Natural Range in Florida



USDA Zones

Suitable to grow in:

8A 8B 9A 9B

Landscaping

Recommended

Uses:

Shade tree. Woodland tree.

Light: Full Sun, A Part Shade

Moisture Somewhat moist, no flooding ----- to ----- Ver

Tolerance: long very dry periods

Salt Water Not salt tolerant of inundation by salty or

Flooding brackish water.

Tolerance:

Salt Spray Low/no tolerance of salty wind or direct salt

Tolerance: spray

Soil/Substrate: Clay, Loam, Sand

Wildlife



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Known for its use by squirrels, especially fox squirrels. Bir also eat the nuts.

Old trees in well managed (properly burned) natural sanc and flatwoods settings are used as cavity trees by redcockaded woodpeckers.

Often used by perching raptors. Bald eagles frequently r in the upper crown.