

Passiflora incarnata



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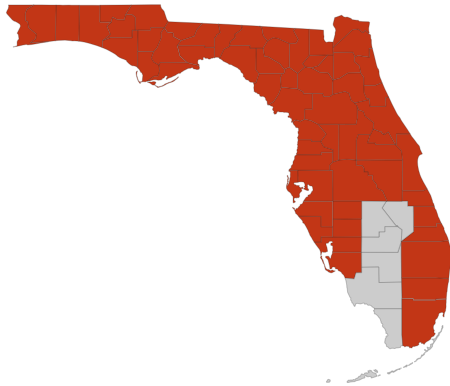
Passion Vine, Maypop, Purple Passion Flower

Passifloraceae

Plant Specifics

Size:	Stems 3-10 ft long, sprawling and scrambling over other vegetation.
Life Span:	Short-lived perennial
Flower Color:	Blue, purple
Fruit Color:	Yellow, green
Phenology:	Deciduous, winter dormant. Blooms spring to fall
Habitats:	Disturbed, brushy areas or disturbed upland hardwood forest, sandhill and scrub.

Natural Range in Florida



USDA Zones

Suitable to grow in:



Landscaping

Recommended Uses:	Given the proper support this plant makes an excellent climbing vine hedge.
Light:	☀ Full Sun, ☁ Part Shade
Moisture Tolerance:	Somewhat moist, no flooding ----- to ----- Very long very dry periods
Salt Water Flooding Tolerance:	Not salt tolerant of inundation by salty or brackish water.
Salt Spray Tolerance:	Some tolerance to salty wind but not direct spray.
Soil/Substrate:	Clay, Sand

Wildlife



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The young tendrils of purple passionvine are eaten by wild turkey. Wildlife eat the fruits.

Purple passionflower is larval host plant for numerous but species, including Gulf Fritillary (*Agraulis vanillae*) and Zebra Longwing (*Heliconius charithonia*), the state butterfly of Florida. It also is host to the Crimson Patch Longwing (*Heliconius erato*), Red-banded hairstreak (*Calycopis cecrops*) and Julia Heliconian (*Dryas iulia*) butterflies.

Pollinated by bees.